

1997 original texts	2007 proposed Law 46
<p>[Proposed deletions highlighted in yellow]</p> <p>Law 46A - When calling a card to be played from dummy, declarer should clearly state both the suit and the rank of the desired card.</p> <p>Law 46B - In case of an incomplete or erroneous call by declarer of the card to be played from dummy, the following restrictions apply (except when declarer's different intention is incontrovertible):</p> <p>Law 46B1 - If declarer, in playing from dummy, calls 'high', or words of like import, he is deemed to have called the highest card:</p> <p>Law 46B1 - if he directs dummy to win the trick, he is deemed to have called the lowest winning card;</p> <p>Law 46B1 - if he calls 'low', or words of like import, he is deemed to have called the lowest.</p> <p>Law 46B2 - If declarer designates a suit but not a rank, he is deemed to have called the lowest card of the suit indicated.</p> <p>Law 46B3 - If declarer designates a rank but not a suit:</p> <p>Law 46B3(a) - Declarer is deemed to have continued the suit in which dummy won the preceding trick, provided</p>	<p>[Proposed additions and changes highlighted in yellow]</p> <p>LAW 46 - INCOMPLETE OR ERRONEOUS CALL OF A CARD FROM DUMMY</p> <p>A. Proper Form for Designating Dummy's Card</p> <p>When calling a card to be played from dummy declarer should clearly state both the suit and the rank of the desired card.</p> <p>B. Incomplete or Erroneous Call</p> <p>In case of an incomplete or erroneous call by declarer of the card to be played from dummy, the following restrictions apply (except when declarer's different intention is incontrovertible):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) If declarer in playing from dummy in any position calls 'high', or words of like meaning*, he is deemed to have called the highest card. (b) If he directs dummy to 'win' the trick in fourth position he is deemed to have called the lowest card that will win the trick. (c) If he calls 'low', or words of like meaning, he is deemed to have called the lowest card. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> If declarer designates a suit but not a rank he is deemed to have called the lowest card of the suit indicated. If declarer designates a rank but not a suit <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) In leading, declarer is deemed to have continued the suit in which dummy won the preceding trick provided

<p>there is a card of the designated rank in that suit.</p> <p>Law 46B3(b) - In all other cases, declarer must play a card from dummy of the designated rank if he can legally do so; but if there are two or more such cards that can be legally played, declarer must designate which is intended.</p> <p>Law 46B4 - If declarer calls a card that is not in dummy, the call is void and declarer may designate any legal card.</p> <p>Law 46B5 - If declarer indicates a play without designating either a suit or rank (as by saying, 'play anything', or words of like import), either defender may designate the play from dummy.</p> <p>Law 46B1 - in fourth seat he may be deemed to have called for the lowest winning card of the suit indicated;</p>	<p>there is a card of the designated rank in that suit.</p> <p>(b) In all other cases declarer must play a card from dummy of the designated rank if he can legally do so; but if there are two or more such cards that can be legally played declarer must designate which is intended.</p> <p>4. If declarer calls a card that is not in dummy the call is void and declarer may designate any legal card.</p> <p>5. (a) If declarer indicates a play without designating either a suit or a rank (as by saying 'play anything' or words of like meaning) either defender may designate the play from dummy.</p> <p>(b) If declarer attempts to indicate a play from dummy in any manner open to question (which may include a gesture or a nod) the Director rules upon its meaning if the intention is challenged.</p> <p>* Except in fourth position an instruction to win the trick is an instruction to play high.</p>
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